#### SENATOR GORMAN'S ROUT.

THE REPUBLICANS GET MARYLAND BY A PLURALITY OF 18,000.

The Legislature Has a Republican Majortty of More Than Forty-Democrats Carried Only Four Counties in the State-Speculation as to Gibson's Successor.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 6 .- Complete returns of the election have not yet been received from all the countles in the State, but from those now at hand it is evident that Lowndes's plurality for Governor will not fall short of 18,000. The Republican State ticket received much better support in the counties than the local tickets, and result Lowndes carried five counties in which the rest of the ticket went to the Demo-

Of the twenty-three countles in the State Hurst (Dem.) carried only four. These were Queen Anne, Wicomico, Worcester, and Montgomery. Only one of these gave a decent majority, none of the other three giving more than 200. Ex-Gov. Jackson alone succeeded in keeping his people in line, Wicomico giving 700

The Legislature will be largely Republican. The returns up to this time indicate the election of 68 Republicans and 23 Democrats in the House, and 14 Democrats and 12 Republicans in the Senate. Of the Democratic Senators Mr. Buise of Baltimore, who holds over, fought the Democratic ticket at the election, and will probably work with the Republicans. Should he do

Mr. Michael of Harford and Mr. Bennett of Carroll are also opposed to Mr. Gorman, so that the Senate will be anti-Gorman, and any legislation favorable to the Senator would receive harsh treatment. The majority in the Hous may be still further increased, as Anne Arundel and Worcester county Republicans claim fraud. and will protest the seating of the Democratic

In the city the sweep has been clean. The Councilmen in the first branch and three out of sleven in the second. As they have the Mayor also, a general sweep in the City Hall is looked

The Republicans are already talking of "Lexewing." The Legislature will be asked to appoint a committee to investigate the Baltimor city records, the idea being, if possible, to make city records, the idea being, if possible, to make it disagreeable for Mr. Rasin. The probable successor to Senator Gibson is also being talked about. According to a State law he should come from the Eastern Shore, but there is already a move on foot to repeal this law with the view of electing Congressman Wellington.

This will be bitterly antagonized by Eastern Shore Republicans, but as they have no available material and comparatively few representatives, the chances are they will be beaten. Their best men are Senator-sleet Wescott of Kent, R. B. Dixon of Talbot, and Philip Goldsborough of Dorchester.

orchester.

Hatterly W. Talbott, Chairman of the Demo-ratic Committee, attributes the Republican ictory to the feeling aroused against Senator iorman, and he predicts that until this wears ff the Democrats will not again obtain control of the State.

of the State.

The political upheaval was most pronounced in Baltimore city, where Mr. Lowndes, Espublican candidate for Governor, received a plurality of 11.783 over John E. Hurst, Democrat, and a majority over all opponents of 8,973. The total vote of the city for Governor was 101.247, which is some thousands in excess of the heaviest vote heretofore polled.

All the wards in the city gave majorities for the Republican State candidates, except the Recond, Fourth, Eighth, and Ninth wards. The Republican gains in the other eighteen wards were very large as compared with Gov. Brown's

were very large as compared with the Mayoralty elec-tion to be some majority as Mr. Lowndes. Alcaeus Hooper was elected Mayor by a plurality of 7.560, a net Republican gain of 14.665 as compared with the Mayoralty elec-

14.665 as compared with the Mayoralty election two years ago.

Among the great surprises of the day was the
victory of Mr. Lowndes in Howard county,
which is Senator Gorman's home, and heretofore considered a Democratic stronghold. Mr.
Lowndes carried the county by 402 majority.
United States Senator Gioson's home county,
Taibot, also went Republican by about 300.
Taibot ordinarily gives about 400 Democratic
majority.

Taibot ordinarily gives about the day's majority.

There was no half-beartedness about the day's work. Much scratching was expected and mixed results looked for, but the returns show that most of the ballots were voted straight, and that the power of the Gorman-Hasin combination has been effectually broken in State and

#### GORMAN WAS SURPRISED.

Republican Aspirants for the Marvland Senatorship-Presidential Possibilities Bemoved from the List by the Result of Tuesday's Elections-The Third-termers. However, Seem to be Hopeful Still.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6 .- It is difficult for Democrats in this city to realize that Maryland and Kentucky have been carried by the Republicans. The result in New York and New Jersey was not entirely unexpected nor was the defeat of ex-Gov. Campbell in Ohio a surprise, for it is generally conceded that Obio is a Republican State under ordinary conditions. The elections of yesterday seemed to be a very disagreeable opic of conversation at the White House, and in Administration circles generally for it was impossible to get even a secondhanded expression of opinion from the President or any of the members of the Cabinet on the subject. The President arrived at the Executive Mansion from his country home at Woodley at about 10 o'clock, but denied hi self to all visitors except members of his Cabinet and a few official callers. Private Secretary Thurter tried to be cheerful over the my outlook for the Democratic party in 1896, for he is on record as having predicted

be a Democrat. In the departments the prominent officers of the Government are unable to explain the great Republican landslide in States supposed to be safely Democratic. The friends of Senator Gorman of Maryland and Senator Blackburn of Kentucky are still wondering how it happened Charges of party treachery are being tossed around in the most careless manner, and Demo crats of the highest official grade are being openly accused of aiding in the overthrow of the Democratic party in Maryland and Ken-

Senator Gorman takes a philosophical view of the situation, and was apparently unconcerne of the fact that his enemies in Maryland are blaming him for the overwhelming success of the Republican ticket in his native State. When the correspondent of THE SUN visited him to-day, Senator Gorman, with his characteristic caimness of manner, chatted pleasantly about the result, and expressed surprise that such a large majority, considering the apparent carefulness with which the Democratic managers canvassed the State.

'There is no use to make excuses now," he said. "We had a hard fight, and we were fairly whipped, so it is no use to cry fraud or to resort to any of the usual excuses which the defeated party sometimes employ after an election is over."

He regrets that Maryland, after fighting under the Democratic standard for the past twen-ty-nine years, should finally surrender to the enemy on the eye of a Presidential election. It enemy on the eve of a Presidential election. It appears that the Republicans were encouraged by their success in the last Congress election to get out their full vote, and, with the aid of several thousand reformers, captured the State and municinal offices. Already the Maryland Republicans are getting in line for the distribution of the spoils of victory, and the men who were conspictions in the management of the campaign of Governor-elect Lownders are being besieged with petitions from office seekers.

The contest over the Senatorship, in place of Senator Gibson, whose term expires in 1897, promises to be exciting. Among the Republican aspirants are Gen. Felix Agnus, editor of the Ealtimore American: George L. Wellington, who was Chairman of the Lowndes Campaign Committee; Judge Louis McComas, Charles Bonaparte, and a long list of gentlemen, who can harrily realize that a United States Senatorship is one of the prizes taken from the solitical grab-bag yesterday. It is understood that the Republicans intend to exclude the Mugwumps from the competition for the prize. There is an inwritten law in Maryland, made with the expectation that the State would always remain Democratic, to take one Schator from the Eastern Shore of the State and one from the Western Shore and Senator Gorman from the Western Shore. The Republicans, not expecting to have a Senatorship to dispose of, have never taken any interest in this division of the State, so in the selection of Senator Gibson's successor they propose to ignore the Democratic practice of taking one Senator from each side of the Chessappears that the Republicans were encouraged

peake Bay. The man who can command the requisite number of votes in the next Legislature, be he Eastern or Western Shore man, will take Senater. Gibson's place in the United States Senate.

Kentucky Republicans are predicting that Governor-elect Bradley will be sent to the Senate in place of the popular Jos Blackburn, and the Lleutenant-flovernor will take the Governor's chair. The result in the Blue Grass State removes Secretary Carlisle from the list of Presidential possibilities; in fact, nearly all of the aspirants for first place on the Democratic ticket, including Senators Gorman, Brice, Gov. Boles of Iowa. Vice-President Stevenson, Don M.Dlekinson, and "Uncle Bill" Morrison appear to be eliminated from the Presidential race by the result of yesterday.

Some of the admirers of Fresident Cleveland still contend that he has the power and the magnetism to attract a majority of the votes, and they are insisting that he is the only logical candidate in sight for 1896, On the other hand, many of the anti-Cleveland Democrates say that, as Mr. Cleveland is directly responsible for the destruction of the Democratic party, he should be made to take the nomination and lead what is now supposed to be a forlorn hope.

Among Republicans there is great rejoicing, and the friends of the various Presidential aspirants declare that a nomination on the Republican ticket means election next, year. The friends of Tom Reed and Gov. Morton contend that the first place on the ticket will go to an Eastern man, and the sentiment in favor of those two men is about equally divided. In spite of the big majority rolled up by the Ohio Republicans, McKinley's prospects do not appear to have been materially benefited by yesterday's election. The friends of Senator Allison are very cheerful, for they claim that he is the second choice of nearly all of the conspicuous candidates, excepting the Harrison contingent, which appears to be growing beautifully less daily. Of course, speculation as to the Presidency is a little premature at such a

QUAY AND CAMERON MAKE UP. They Take a Trip Together to Quay's Re-treat in Florida.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 6.-There was general surprise in political circles to-day when it was announced that Senator Cameron would be one of the party which left with Senator Quay today for his retreat in Florida.

A coldness has existed between these two stateamen for some time as the result of a misunderstanding during the Chairmanship struggle, and the prediction was freely made that Quay would be against Cameron when he comes up for reflection; but there has evidently been a healing of the breach, and this trip wil give the friends of both Senators a hint that the old relations have been resumed, and that they must get in line for Cameron when the time comes. Senator Cameron came home yesterday to vote.

#### SILVERITES EXPLAIN.

Bland and Hinrichsen Blame Cleveland for Democratic Defeat.

Sr. Louis, Nov. 6.-The Hon, R. P. Bland explained the result of yesterday's balloting in an interview to-day:

"The only States which made a free-silver canvass were those of Kentucky and Missis-sippi. The whole power of the national ad-ministration was brought against silver in Kentucky. In the Eighteenth Illinois district the Democrats were not organized, and money was poured in there from all directions against Lane. The district was about 2,000 Democratio two years ago, but the special election did not bring out the voters, and the odds were all against us from the start. If Kentucky and the Lane district are charged against the free silver movement, what can be claimed of Iows, Ohio, Maryland, New York, and Massachusetts, where the Democrats endorse the

sachusetts, where the Democrats endorse the gold-bug policy?
"Why," added Mr. Bland, with a smile, "the only distinctive Democratic victory of Tuesday is recorded by the Tammany Democrats of New York, who have always been opposed to Cleveland and his Administration. Free silver was not up for judgment in the elections held yesterday, but the national Administration was."

Springfield, Ill. Nov. 6.—W. H. Hinrichsen, Socretary of State and a leader of the free silver element of the Democratic party, said today in regard to the Republican victories, and especially in the Eighteenth Congressional district, where the Democratic candidate stood for free silver:

district, where the Democratic candidate stood for free silver:

"I attribute the Democratic defeat to the indifference manifested by them during the entire campaign. They have also been dissatisfied with the national Administration, and instead of working with the interests of the party in view, they have pulled in opposite directions. The leading men of the party have gone ahead without regard to platform or anything else, and have sacrificed the leading principles of the party for their ends. One reason for the defeat is that politics in many of the States was in the hands of such men as Brice and Gorman, who fought tariff reform so strongly in the last Congress. We will go ahead with a stronger determination than ever to win in the next campaign."

#### YOUNG GARFIELD ELECTED.

The Son of the Late President to Represent

His Father's Old Senate District. TOW O Nov 8 -James R. Garfield, son the late President, was elected State Senator rom the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-sixth districts by an enormous plurality. The district is normally Republican by 10,000, but he has carried it by over 14,000. The district which he will represent is almost identically the same as when his father was first chosen in 1859 to the office. Young Garfield was nominated on July 2, the fourteenth anniversary of his father's

assassination.

He resides at Mentor. His wife is the daughter of the late President Newell of the Lake Shore road. He is 33 years old, and closely resembles the late President.

CAMPBELL IN A STREET ROW. Took the Side of a Friend in a Controversy

with a Political Enemy. HAMILTON, O., Nov. 6 .- An exciting incident occurred here yesterday in which ex-Gov. Campbell was one of the actors. In company with his son Drew and John F. Nellan, Chairman of the Butler County Democratic Central man of the Butter County Democratic Central
Committee, Mr. Campbell was making the
rounds of the precincts.

When in Precinct B. Fifth ward, Mr. Neilan
engaged in a war of words with Jacob Theias, a
Democrat who was working for Joseph B.
Hughes, Campbell's former intimate friend, but
who in this election has been working tooth and
nail against Campbell. Campbell stepped from
his carriage, and, going up to Neilan, said:
"Don't let him bluff you, John."
Neilan at this threatened to shoot Theias, who
then withdrew.

#### FREE SILVER FOUGHT OUT.

The Sole Issue in Chicago's Congressional Election-Sound Money Won. CHICAGO, Nov. 6 .- In the election here yester lay for Congressman in the Eighteenth district the question of free aliver was presented squarely in the views of the opposing candidates. Chairman Tanner of the Republican State Committee when receiving congratulations on the election of Hadicy, the Republican candidate,

id:
"The result is of National significance. It means that free silver won't be pressed. After the outcome in the Eighteenth district, it seems to me the Democrats will want to get as far as possible away from it."

CHICAGO'S REAL ESTATE SYSTEM. The Torrens Land Title Plan Adopted by a Majority of 77,000.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6 .- The Torrens Land Title system was adopted in this county yesterday by a majority of 77,259. The vote on the question was larger in proportion to the total vote cast than on any similar proposition ever yote cast than on any similar proposition ever submitted to the voters at an election not called for the special purpose. The law provides for the registration of ownership of property and the issue of a certificate after examination by the Board, which certificate after five years shall be immune from contest. Other safe-guards to the purchasers of real estate are fur-nished by the system.

Greenhalge Has 64,499 Plurality. BOSTON, Nov. 6 .- Complete returns from the

tate give the following vote for Governor: Greenhalge (Rep.), 185,900; Kendall (Pro.) 8.766; Williams (Dem.), 121,401. Plurality for Greenhalze, 64,409.

The vote on the woman suffrage question is: Yes, 107,870; no. 184,810. Majority for no 76,940.

Foreign Comment on Our Elections. LONDON, Nov. 6 .- In commenting on the results of the elections in the United States, the Morning Post says:

Morning Post says:

"The conduct of the last Congress in relation to the tariff thoroughly discouraged the independent voters who secured the Democratic majority three years ago. If the Democratic party wish to make any show next November, they must find means of redeeming their character for consistency and public spirit."

#### A TALK WITH MR. CROKER

HE DRAWS SOME CONCLUSIONS FROM TAMMANY'S FICTORY.

Nine Meaths of Reform, He Says, Mave Convinced the People of the Ineffetency and Extravagance of Strong's Adminis tration-Johingly Suggests that the Mayor Resign-Mr. Croker May Winter Here.

One man who was congratulated vesterday on the result of Tuesday's local contest more than any other, perhaps, was Richard Croker. Before he started down town from the Murray Hill Hotel yesterday morning he was called or by Tammany leaders and Democratic busines men anxious to share his pleasure over the defeat of the anti-Tammany fusion and the reassertion of Tammany's controlling force is local politics. At his office in lower Broadway he found still others who desired to shake his hand and congratulate him. This may seem strange in view of the fact that Mr. Croker's personality manifested itself so little in the campaign. It is a fact, though, that Richard Croker was recognized as the real leader of the Tammany organization by the enemies of Tammany throughout the campaign, and had so much abuse heaped upon him by them that the victory at the polls was looked on by so many as a victory fos Mr. Croker. That gentleman modestly refused to accept it as such when he was asked for his opinions regarding the result of the election by a Sun reporter at 111 Brose way yesterday afternoon. Ex-Police Com-missioner John C. Sheehan, who managed the Tammany campaign this year, was with Mr. Croker when the reporter called, but left soon

after.
"John Sheehan did splendid work for Tammany Hall this campaign," said Mr. Croker, as his successor at the head of Tammany's Finance Committee left the office. fellow, and has proved himself an able politiclan."

"Some persons had said that if Tamman

Hall won at the polls this year it would be an endorsement of you and your former administration of the affairs of the organization," was suggested to Mr. Croker.

"Oh, yes, some men who don't like me very well have said that. It would be really personally pleasant to view the result in that light. I consider it rather as a tribute to Tammany Hall's superb organization. If the Democratic party were as well organized in other localities as is Tammany, we would not read, as we have had to to-day, of Republican victories in all sections of the country. Look at the States and the cities that have gone Republican. Why, Tammany Hall is the only stronghold of Democracy left in the whole country. It is the point around which the Democracy of the States and nation can raily with a heart for the battles to come. Tammany is united, and in its union and organization is strength. It is greatly to be regretied that Democrate elsewhere have not got together through similar organizations. In this year of general Democratic defeat Tammany, it seems to me, has done well." endorsement of you and your former adminis-

have not got together through similar organizations. In this year of general Democratif defeat Tammany, it seems to me, has done well."

There was an unmistakable feeling of pride for the old organization and its achievement in every word that Mr. Croker uttered. When Mr. Croker's attention was called to the fact that he was very close to the actual result in his prediction of Tammany's plurality, he said:

"I am not actively engaged in politics now, but I have not lost the experience gained when I was. I am still able to get beneath the surface and find just what are the forces which are working among the people, and how they are directed. I was not deceived this year. The people were tired of the so-called reformers, and rebuked them at the polls. The result is a decisive verdict against the present the people long to discover that they wanted no more of the reformers. It does nine years after Tammany Hall got in power in the city to dislodge it, and that was accomplished despite the wise and economical administration which it gave to the people, simply because a spirit of restlessness was stirred up by methods not necessary to recount, and the people demanded the change. They got it, and in nine months they wanted to change back to the old way. The people have rectified their mistake, so far as it is possible for them to do it now. They can be trusted to complete the reform. "The subject o' reform and reformers seemed to be a very interesting one to Mr. Croker. He had these general remarks to make on it:

"I have discovered that the most rammant reformers are chiefly anxious to get into office. They think that no one can be trusted to do the reforming but themselves. The zeal of these gentlemen in the cause of reform is measured by the value to them of the office they are after, and when they fail to get office or preferment their ardor for reform quirkly abates. Of course I know that it would be a violation of his political principles for a reformer to resign a public office, but in view of what occurred fa power of removal.

If it was the

acting on the assumption that the win of the people demanded the immediate substitution of reformers for Tammany men in office, the Legislature invested Mayor Strong with a power of removal.

If it was the will of the people last year that the Tammany men should go, why does not this quick reversal of judgment on the part of the people mean that the reformers should go and the Tammany men come back? Certainly the people, by their verdict, have said that reform as administered by them has proved a dismal failure.

"To you think, Mr. Croker, that the attitude of Police Commissioner Roosevelt in the watter of enforcing the Excise laws had much to do with the result of the election?"

"To a great extent, ves."

"Then you believe that the Tammany organization vote was augmented by the votes of many German-Americans?"

"Yes, we were supported largely by the Germans, who are among our best citizens, and know that their demands for liberal laws and personal liberty are not to be satisfied by the Republicans and reformers."

"Were you not surprised at the small vote received by the candidates of the L.C. O.?"

"The Stecklers? No. My surprise is occasioned by their getting so much. I thought they might possibly set 5,000. The ballot we have now isn't a good one for stump candidates. It will be a spec ally good thing if it does away with them. One happy result of the election is the discavery of the weakness of the independent movements. There is one of these outside organizations, though, which has excited my admiration. I re'er to the Good Government clubs. There don't seem to be many of the Good Government movements. There is one of these outside organizations, though, which has excited my admiration. I re'er to the Good Government elubs. There don't seem to be many of the Good Government movements. There is one of these outside organizations, though, which has excited my admiration. I re'er to the Good Government elubs. There don't seem to be many of the Good Government men, but they are good men and fight for princip

Quay's Side Wins by 161,914 Plurality. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5 .- Latest returns indicate a plurality of 161,914 for Haywood (Rep.) for State Treasurer. The returns indicate a clear lead in the State for Yerkes (Dem.) over his colleagues on the ticket for Superior Court

his colleagues on the ticket for Superior Court Judge. Smith, Magee, and Noves also show a strong vote, but it is now pretty certain that complete returns will show that Yerkes has been chosen as the minority representative on the Superior Court bench.

Later and more complete returns have added materially to the earlier returns in the vote for Smith (Dem.) for Superior Court Judge, particularly in the anthracite coal counties, where Smith gets a remarkably large vote over that of the other Democratic candidates for Superior Court Judge. The other Democratic candidates for Superior Court Judge. The other Democratic candidates for Superior Court Judge.

### After Dinner

To prevent that feeling of fuliness and distress, aid digestion and assimilation of food, cure headache and billiousness

Take Hood's Pills

SHOE TALK.

Don't tie your- 紧紧紧紧 self down to "in-

self down to "individual lasts"—
to the made-tomeasure idea in shoes—and the price.

If you deal here with us, no disappointments, no inconvenience, no big shoe bill for foot-comfort.

If you deal here with us, no disappointments, no inconvenience, no big shoe bill for foot-comfort.

If you deal here with us, no disappointments, no inconvenience, no big shoe bill for foot-comfort.

foot-comfort. It's a most unusual foot we cannot fit.

Here's a specialty or two:
A Calf Cork soled Shoe at \$4.
A heavy grain Russet Waterproof, \$5.
A Cordovan (horsehide), excellent

HACKETT, CARHART AND COMPANY. Two Stores: Broadway and Canal Street, Broadway below Chambers Street

BUSHNELL HAS 96,000 PLURALITY. Ohio Republicans to Whoop Up Things for McKinley at Once.

COLUMBUS. O., Nov. 6 .- Ohio's Republican plurality will be about 96,000. The Legislature stands: Senate-Republicans, 30: Democrata 7. House-Republicans, 87; Democrats, 23; two doubtful. The Republican majority on ballot will be 87. At the Democratic State headquarters the following estimate of the vote is posted: Bushnell, Rep., 442,853; Campbell, Dem., 346,756; Coxey, Pop., 42,161; Ellis, Pro., 18,864; Watkins, Socialist, 2,525. Total, 853,159-within a few thousand of the largest vote ever polled in Ohio. If the later returns and official footings do not change this materially. Bushnell will have the honor of having the highest vote cast for a candidate in the Buckeye State. In 1892 Harrison had 405,000. Bushnell beats by this 37,000.

John Sherman's ward in Mansfield made a Democratic gain of 12. When Senator Sherman voted he was timed, and in marking his ticket he took 4 minutes and 5 seconds. The

cickethe took 4 minutes and 5 seconds. The Democrats say he must have scratched his ballot. McKinley, Bushnell, and Foraker have received about a bushel of congratulatory telegrams to-day. Every Democrat on the county licket here was elected.

The Democrats of Ohio now openly advocate the nomination of William C. Whitney of New York for President next year. It is believed that, notwithstanding the Republican landslide, that Whitney could carry New York State, without which, the Democrats agree, they cannot possibly win.

without which, the Democrats agree, they cannot possibly win.

Ohio Republicans will send a solid delegation to the National Convention for McKinley. It is believed that he favors Pittsburgh as the place of holding the Convention. Three things, it is argued, beat Ohio Democrats—hard times, free silver, and Coxerjsm. The free silver men were especially severe on Brice. Without the aid of Brice the Democratic State Committee rooms could never have been opened. Ohio Democrats are also angry at the Administration in Washington.

are also angry at the Administration in Washington.
When a reporter called upon ex-Gov. Campbell at his home this morning he was found in a good humor. When asked what he had to say about the result, he replied that he was not at all discouraged, but had reason, in a measure, to feel pretty good. He said the vote showed that the Democracy of Ohio was more harmonious than elsewhere; that the fact that the vote of last year was exceeded was encouraging. The duty of the Democrats now was to pick their flints and get ready to silce off the balance of the Republican plurality; that, instead of being discouraged, every Democrat ought to nerve himself to go at the enemy next year more vigorously than ever.

stead of being discounaged, every beindered ought to nerve himself to go at the enemy next year more vigorously than ever.

The State of Ohio will now have two Republican United States Senators at the same time, which has not happened before since the war, except from 1865 to 1860, when Ben Wade and John Sherman held seats together in the upper branch of Congress.

Ex-60v. Foraker was asked this afternoon to explain the Republican victory in Ohio. He said: "The great cause to which this victory should be attributed is the lack of confidence in the ability of the Ibemocratic party to successfully manage the affairs of this country.

"Their failure has been lamentable. But another cause that has helped us greatly has been the character of the speeches ex-Gov. Campbell has been making. From first to last he has conducted his campalgn on a low plane."

"What do you think of the news from Kentucky?"

"Laincerely hope the present advices as to

"What to you take the present advices as to tucky?"

"I sincerely hope the present advices as to Kentucky will be confirmed. Bradley has made a magnificent campaign, and if he has broken the solid South, as it now appears he has, the Republican party and the whole country will be nuder lasting obligations to him."
"What is your opinion of the result in New
York and Maryland?"
"It has been a most day of the result in New

"What is your opinion of the result in New York and Maryland?"
"It has been a great day all along the line. New York, Maryland, Onio, and Kentucky mean that Brice, Gorman, Hill, and Carlisle are all condemned and overthrown, and these four men represent all the features, phases, and conditions of Democracy."

"What bearing will all this have on 1896?"
"New Jersey and Massachusetts, I see, have gone the way of the rest of the country. This victory settles the contest for next year, no matwho may be nominated by the Democrats and no matter on what platform.

"The country will not have anything more to do with Democracy, You will not see another Democratic administration at Washington in thirty years." li you say a word about the Republican

nominee's also."
"Of course. I don't know who will be our candidate, but Ohio will be for Gov. McKinley. His State has done so grandly in this contest that we have positive claims on the National Convention."

#### SHERMAN ON THE VICTORY IN OHIO. He Thinks It Will Help McKinley, and

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6. - Senator Sherman reached Washington this afternoon, coming directly from his home in Mansfield. When seen by a United Press reporter this evening the Senator said that no Republican could help but feel very good over the result of yesterday's election.

"We expected a very large majority in Ohio," said Mr. Sherman, "and many of us would have been disappointed had it been less than it was. I am fully convinced that the action of the Democratio Cengress in putting wool on the free list was the cause of a part of the defection of a part of the defection in their own party; free wool no doubt lost that party 20,000 votes in our State, to say nothing of the other questions that were brought home to the voters. The tremendous majority of yesterday only adds to the endorsement of the State Convention of the candidacy of Gov. McKinley for the Presidency, and when the election of Senator Brice's successor is held, ex-Gov. Foraker will receive the unanimous vote of the Republicans on joint ballot."

When asked what the next Congress would do in the master of providing revenue for the neces-

When asked what the next Congress would do
in the matter of providing revenue for the necessities of the Government, Mr. Sherman said that
it would do that thing which seemed proper
under the circumstances. "Of course," he continued, "the President cannot expect the Republicans to do just what he would like or to
cordially accept whatever he may suggest, but we will provide the remedy for
existing evil. It will be along Republican lines,
and if the President sees fit not to accept it the
responsibility will rest with him, not with us.
One thing can be accounted upon as a reasonable certainty: We will restore the duty on wool
and probably revise other schedules so as to
meet the conditions facing us."
Senator Sherman declined to discuss the question of the reorganization of the Senate or talk
upon the subject of the finances of the Government. He will remain here until Congress convenes.

Senator Onay reached Washington this after-

ment. He will remain here until Congress con-venes.
Senator Quay reached Washington this after-moon and left to-night for Florida, where he will remain until Thanksgiving in the hopes of get-ting rid of a violent cold that has taken posses-sion of him. He said: "I am highly pleased, as any Republican well might be. The victory is one of the greatest in years. Pennsylvanis did exceedingly well and rolled up a majority of which we feel proud. I congratulate my fel-low Republicans in the other States who have won so brilliantly."

## 54 W.ZZST HY.CITY

THAT CRY FOR "DOUGH."

LATTERBACH TELLS WHY MONEY IS NEEDED ON ELECTION DAY.

There Are Perfectly Legitimate Expenses, He Says, Incurred by All Political Parties in Getting Out Their Voting Strepgth-Nothing Illegal or Underhand.

The attention of the Hon, Edward Lauterbach, President of the Republican County Committee, was called last evening to an editorial in yesterday morning's Tribune concerning the disappointment of the Republican County Commit teemen as to the amount of "dough" distributed by the Honorable Committee of Fifty. The editorial in the Tribune pointed out that Mr. Lauterbach "had arranged the meeting [Monday afternoon at 4:30] for the purpose of acquainting these men with the result of his final endeavor to obtain a large sum of money from the Committee of Fifty for the election day expenses and to distribute among them the sum which he had produced." The Tribune edi torial, continuing, says:

The citizen unfamiliar with political processes may wonder what use is made upon election day of such a sum of money as the machine men demanded but failed to get. What are the "election expenses" which make so heavy a draft upon the generosity of con-tributors? The campaign has ended, all the meetings are over, the election officers are to be paid for their work out of the public treasury, there is no need of cash to reimburse bunchers of tickets, distributers of pasters, and "runners in" for their arduous servi n behalf of good government, since the law has shut off the activities of these patriots. Can it be, then, that the election day money is nothing more no less than a bribery fund to keep the district leader and their subordinates from "cutting the liver out of the ticket"?

Mr. Lauterbach said jast night:

"I read the editorial in the Tribune this morning on this subject, but it only gave me a mement's thought. The Tribune should not attempt to reflect on me or any of the Republican tempt to renect on me or any or the Republican County Committee. I do not believe that my worst enemy would accuse me of attempting to use money to corrupt a voter or to 'cut the liver out of the ticket.' The plain, simple truth about the money that was requisite on election day is well known to all Republicans. It explains to a well known to all Republicans. It explains to a great extent the Tammany victory in New York. With this new Raines ballot it was necessary to have instructors at the polis. It is necessary to hire these instructors. These men are not to be secured from sunrise to sunset for their health or patriotism. It is necessary as a rule to have two of these instructors at each election district, and certainly each is worth \$5 a day. With 1,392 election districts in the county, this would necessitate the expenditure of nearly \$14,000.

district, and certainly each is worth \$5 a day, With 1,892 election districts in the county, this would necessitate the expenditure of nearly \$14,000.

"When the Committee of Fifty refused to pay any where near that amount the Republican County Committeemen were left in the lurch. The committeemen were careful that in no way should they attempt to influence the voters on election day. They acted strictly according to law. The committeemen and their lieutenants always have a copy of the City Record, giving the registration and it has been customary from time immemorial for them and their lieutenants at the polling places to compare this registration list with the voters as they appear at the polls on election day. If the voters are behindhand it has been customary to notify them, especially after 1 o'clock in the afternoon, that the polls are expected to do this work. The money paid to the captains of Tammany on every election day to instruct their voters to get out the vote is one of the sources of strength of Tammany Hall. I venture to say that no Republican committeeman and no Republican district captain attempted to evade the election laws yesterday. The expenses for these Republican district captain attempted to evade the election laws yesterday. The expenses for these Republican district captains and their instructors are as legitimate as any business in the community. We all know that two men with \$10 apiece in 1.292 election districts could not bribe people. The very thought is nonsense. The money that was required by the Republican County Committee, I reiterate, was for the purpose of instructing the voters, especially in the densely populated districts, and also to notify negligent voters at what hour the polls closed in the afternoon."

The Hon. Benjamin B. Odell, Jr., Chairman of the Eventual country committee.

afternoon."
The Hon. Benjamin B. Odell, Jr., Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Republican State Committee, explained how things are managed by Republicans in the country dis-State Committee, explained how things are managed by Republicans in the country districts. He said:

"There wasn't a country town in all this State that was not provided with the necessary funds to legitimately and according to law get out the votes. Take for instance our system in Newburgh. We have the registry list and our lieutenants know every man who votes. Along in the afternoon we look over the list and accrtain the negligent ones. We have a constant stream of carriages, and we send the carriages to these voters and notify them when the polls are to be closed. In other words, we tell them just how much time they have in which to vote. This system has been going on from the foundation of the Government, and it will go on as long as men believe in their party. The Democratis have done it, and we Republicans have always done it. There is nothing wrong in it, and no law, no matter how strict, can prevent men from attempting to get out the full vote of their party. More or less nonsensical criticism has been hurled at Democratic and Republican captains who believe in getting out their party's vote. I have invariably found such criticism to be of a personal nature."

IT WAS A GERMAN PICTORY.

Mr. Fitch Says German Taxpayers Didn't Like Beform Extravagance, Comptroller Ashbel P. Fitch made the following statement yesterday regarding the result of

the election: "The victory, in my judgment, is as much German victory as was the battle of Sedan. Of course, Mr. Roosevelt's tyrannies and absurdities are responsible for most of it, but the sconomical and saving German taxpayers were also much stirred up by the extravagance in city expenditures. In the month of October there was paid into the city treasury for taxes the sum of \$22,495,690.40. These taxes were paid by many thousand taxpayers, most of whom stood on a line for hours waiting their turn: many of them brought the money in cash, showing thereby that they had no bank ac-

turn; many of them brought the money in cash, showing thereby that they had no bank account.

"The reason the sum of twenty-two and one-half million dollars was paid in October was, that if the taxpayers paid in that month they could obtain from their taxes a deduction of interest, at the rate of six per cent, per annum, from the date of payment to the 1st day of December. The taxes can be paid in the month of November without any penalty or interest. The saving to many of these people was only a few dollars, yet, in order to get this saving they came from ail parts of the city and spent hours in getting their bills and waiting on the line to make their payment. It is very easy for gentlemen accustomed to handling large sums of money to say that the amount of the tax rate is a matter of indifference so long as the money is honestly spent; no one, however, who has seen these people pay their taxes, and has any acquaintance with them, will believe that the men and women who take such pains to save a few dollars from the amount of their bils.

"The following table shows what a property owner who owns a piece of property valued at \$5,000 paid as taxes in 1894 and 1895, and what he will pay in 1896, if the tax rate is 2.15 next year. The probability is that it will be much more than 2.15.

"When it is remembered that by far the greater number of taxpayers own but one piece of property; that their property is generally mortgaged; that in all the newer parts of the city they have heavy burdwas of assessments, as well as taxes, the significance of this table will be apparent. Much of the Computoller's time is spent with taxpayers who object to payment of a few dollars of interest, and no one who meets the people as they pay their taxes will believe that it is a matter of indifference to a property owner who owns a piece of property yvalued at \$5,000 whether he pays \$50.50 or \$107.50.

property owner whe owns a piece of property valued at \$5,000 whether he pays \$50.50 or

\$107.50. Tax at Tax at Inc.

\*\*Tax at Inc Taxat Inc. Taxat Inc. 2.0 per ct. per ct. 2.0 per ct. per ct. Valuation \$5,000. \$105.00 178.10 \$107.50 20 "Mr. Coudert was right when he said in his speech the other night that no government which increased the burden of taxation was good government."

Republicans Win Pawtucket's Election. PAWTUCKET, R. I., Nov. 6.-The municipal election here yesterday was the hottest ever known in this city's history. The results show that Henry E. Tiepke (Rep.) is redlected Mayor for a third term, which breaks the record for the executive office of the city. His majority is 160 over ex-Gov. John W. Davis (bem.). A Re-publican Common Council is elected, and the Aldermen stand three Republicans and two Democrats. The School Committee is Republi-

Mississippi Democratic by 50 000. Jackson, Miss., Nov. 6.-Mississippi is saved

rom the Republican landslide by a large ma jority. The Hon. C. M. Williamson, Chairman of the State Executive Committee, says tha Burkittism and populism are dead letters in this State. McLaurin, the Democratic candi-date for Governor, is reported to have beaten Burkitt in his home county (Chickasaw). The majority in the State is probably 50,000.

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HARDIN CONCEDES DEFEAT. Indications that Bradley Will Have a Plurality of 12,000.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 6.-For the first time since Kentucky was made a State a Republican has been chosen Governor. Returns from 105 counties give Col. William O. Bradly a plurality of 12,000 over Gen. P. Wat Hardin, the Demo-

It is safe to say that the entire Republican State ticket and both branches of the Kentucky Legislature have also gone Republican, and hat Jo C. S. Blackburn will not succeed himself as United States Senator.

In an interview to-day Hardin said he would retire from politics and pursue the practice of aw. Col. Bradley said that in his opinion free silver would be heard of no more in Kentucky. Going down in defeat with Hardin is the State House ring," Norman, Hale, Headley, and Hendrick. Bradley made his largest gains in the Eleventh Congress district, where the usual 6,000 Republican majority was increased to 14.000.

He carried Louisville by nearly 4,000, and the Second and Third Congress districts by nearly 8,000. Hardin based his claims on eastern Kentucky, but the First Congress district gave bim only half as much as he expected, and the

Kentucky, but the First Congress district gave him only half as much as he expected, and the Second went against him.

The secret blanket ballot made the returns unusually slow. The vote was light throughout the State and shows a general Democratic loss not only for Hardin but for the entire Democratic ticket.

Hardin was scratched considerably in some counties, but in a few he ran shead of his ticket. Returns from sixty-three counties outside of Louisville, complete or estimated, give Hardin 88,862 and Bradley 37,442.

In Jefferson county (Louisville), the vote complets: Hardin, 15,896; Bradley, 21,393. For Leutenant-Governor Tyler (Dem.), received 15,444, and Worthington (Rep.), Rep.), 18,108, Other candidates received about the same vote. This shows that Hardin was not scratched, but that the Democratic remained at home or voted the Republican ticket. There are fifty-five counties to hear from, a majority of which usually give large Democratic pluralities.

Scattering returns from about haif of these counties show Democratic losses, and it is considered doubtful whether Harding can come to Jefferson county with a vote sufficient to overcome the Republican plurality of 5,597.

The greatest surprises of the election is in the probable control of the Lower House of the Legislature by the Republicans. The returns indicate the election of 50 Republican is in the probable control of the Lower House of the Legislature by the Republicans. The returns indicate the election of 50 Republican Representatives, 41 Democrats, and nine doubtful. In Louisville the Republicans made almost a clean sweep. They elected all the Aldermen, a majority of the Councilmen, the three Park Commissioners, and four out of seven School Trustees. George Durelle defeated Judge George B, Eastin, the present incumbent, for Judge of the State Court of Appeals by 2.348.

Chairman Hunter of the State Republican Committee, says that his returns indicate that the Republicans would have a majority of possibly five on a joint ballot.

NEBRASKA IS REPUBLICAN.

Norval Elected Supreme Judge by 25,000 OMAHA, Nov. 6 .- Later returns only emphasize and increase the figures of the Republican triumph in State, city, and county. The Populist party in this city seems to have gone to pieces, losing over half of its vote in a year. Norval, Republican, for Judge of the Supreme Court, has been elected by a plurality over Maxwell, Populist, which may reach 25,-000. The Populists lost in almost every 000. The Populists lost in almost every county, and even the Democrats made no petter showing. The plurality of Capt. W. J. Broatch, Republican, for Mayor, is about 1,000, and the remainder of the city Republican ticket is elected by from 500 to 3,000 plurality. The county ticket has been elected by a large plurality.

Judge C. R. Scott, whose career has been familiar to newspaper readers for his imprisonment of Editor kosewater of the Bee, has been reflected in spite of the opposition of the entire bar. He actually run ahead of his ticket in many districts.

REPUBLICANS CARRY UTAH. They Control the Legislature, Which Elects

Two United States Senators. SALT LAKE, CITY, Nov. 6.- The returns indicate the election of Wells, Republican candidate for Governor, over Caine, Democrat, by 1,000 to 1,500 majority. Roberts, Democrat. andidate for Congress, is probably elected over Allen, Republican, by 500 majority. Democrats Alten, Republican, by 500 majority. Democracy elect District Judges.

Salt Lake City goes Republican by decreased majorites. The Legislature will be safely Republican, which insures two United States Senators for the party. The Populist party cut an insignificant figure throughout the Territory.

WHAT THE LEGISLATURE MAY DO. The Wings of Mayor Strong and His Administration May Be Clipped,

Between now and Jan. 1 all sorts of schemes or Republican legislation at Albany this winter will be devised here in New York. This was the statement made yesterday by Republicans who will have something to say. In the talks over these matters yesterday it was considered extremely doubtful if any excise legislation is attempted at Albany in the coming session.

The Republicans admitted that the present interpretation of the laws in New York county by Mayor Strong and Commissioner Roosevelt are objectionable, especially to the German voters. The German voters, it was added, showed this on election day. But, on the other hand, the hayseed Republicans declare that they have carried the State without the aid of votes below the Bronx, and for this reason they believe that it would be unwise at this time to undertake to pass new Excise have which would in any way benefit New York county. If anything is to be done, it was insisted, the hayseed majority at Albany will attempt to pass laws which will clip the wings of Adayor Strong and his lieutenants. Many things were discussed yesterday, but as a distinguished Republican said: by Mayor Strong and Commissioner Roosevelt

yesterday, but as a distinguished Republican said:

"You can't run our party on revenges. Nevertheless," it was added, "it is necessary at times to straighten out matters." It was suggested and very seriously considered that the Republican Legislature shall curtail the term of office of the City Chamberlain for New York city and the Police Magistrates. The Greater New York hill will also come up with very much more force this winter, and much is expected from the desiberations on this important subject. It was said that there is to believe retained the triangle of the continue of the desired with equal positiveness that the Mayor and his friends will not be allowed to continue in their efforts to wreck the Republican party in New York county from personal motives."

Medal of Honor to a Brave Soldier, WASHINGTON, Nov. 6. By direction of the resident a medal of honor has been awarded William Schmidt, late private Company G, hirty-seventh Ohio Volunteer Infantry, for allantry in action in the assault on Missionary to William Schmidt, lake private Company G. Thirty-seventh Ohlo Volunteer Infantry, for gallantry in action in the assault on Missionary Ridge Nov. 25, 1863. During this engagement Schmidt rescued a wounded comrade under a te rrific fire. EXPLAINING FUSION'S DEFEAT.

Factions Make Countercharges of Knifing Novel Theory of the Fifty. It was hard for the Republican local politicians to admit yesterday that the result of Tues day's poll was a Tammany victory or that the excise question had anything to do with it. The truck which existed between the Lauter bach and Brookfield factions during the canvass and until the election was declared off and charges and counter charges of treacher;

were made by the leaders of the factions. President Lauterbach did not indulge is charges of this sort, but what he said was nonthe less galling to the other side. When sakes what he thought of the Tammany victory he

said: "I know nothing of such a victory. I do know, though, that many citizens at the polls yesterday gave expression to an earnest protes against the policy pursued by the present cit; administration. Among these were many Ger mans. The Republican County Organization worked hard and earnestly for the success o the fusion ticket, but the people were tired o such examples of reform as have been affront ing them since Jan. 1. It can be said for the Republican organization in this county that I has steadily resisted the policy pursued and ha been persistently ignored by the administra

tion." Commissioner Brookfield said: "I attribute the outcome more to the action o

Republicans than to any other cause. I am no surprised, only disappointed. Ever since Mayor Strong was elected a persistent effort has been made by an element in the party to create prajudice against his administration. That effor has had its logical result."

The fight is on between the Republican factions, and it will be a bitter one for the control of the county machine at the annual primaries next month. The administration will use all its power, which is somewhat circumscribed by the Godkin-Wheelest Civil. Service Boards, to build up the Brookfield faction for the defeat of the Lauterbach wing, but the members of the latterare very bitter and will do some might hard fighting, and say they will wins easily as Tammany Hall did on Tuesday and for the same reason—becaus of the disgruntlement of so many Republican on account of the Strong administration. The leaders of the Lauterbach faction declare tha all the power of patronage possessed by the administration cannot offset this feeling of resent ment.

Republicans than to any other cause. I am no

all the power of patronage possessed by the administration cannot offset this feeling of resent ment.

That both factions of the party were responsible for the knifing of Republican candidate was amply proven on election day.

Brookheld men in the Twenty-eighth Assembly district complained that Port Warden John H. Gunner had issued orders to his captains to cut all but the Platt Republicans of the ticker. No one appeared to deny the story. This was a case of Platt-lauterbach knifing. On the other hand Theodore F. Ruhle, a foreman in the Department of Public Works, and Brookheld leader if the Eighth Assembly district, sat supinely if the headquarters of his organization of election day and said that nefther he no his captains proposed to do a thing, a Census H. Murray, the Platt leader had got all the "dough" for the district He predicted disaster for the fusion ticket ansaid he didn't care what happened it. The Isaac Siskind, Brookfield leader in the Elevent district, ran as an independent candidate for Assembly and succeeded in defeating Set Wiks, the Lauterbach candidate for redicctor. These are but examples of what was going of all along the line, and taken altograther hadfer Wiks, the Lauterbach candidate, for reelection. These are but examples of what was going of all along the line, and, taken sitogether, knifin honors may be considered to be about even.

There were no signs of life visible in the Fifty's "bake shop" yesterday. There was story being told in the neighborhood that the fusion ticket might have won hat it not been that Charles Stewart Smitt could only give every other day to the work of the campaign. The alternate days has a said to be busy superintending the decoration of his residence in Stamford, Conn.

VOTES LOST THROUGH BLUNDERS A Negro Insists He Is the Man in Whos

The two cases with which Magistrate Simm began business in the Tombe Court yesterda involved the rights of men to vote. Felix Lally who claimed a residence at 186 Hester stree was arrested on Tuesday when about to vote ! the Eighth Election district of the Sixth Assept bly district through a blunder. It was charge that he did live where he said he did. The lan lord of 186 Hester street testified in court the Lally had lived in his house for over a year He was accordingly discharged.

of 231 Mott street, whose name was entered the registry book by the poll clerks as Safare Policeman Eckhoff of the Mulberry street station having, after three visits, falled to fin

The other case was that of Gluseppi Cafar

Policeman Eckhoff of the Mulberry street station having, after three visits, falled to fin any one named Safaro, arrested him when hattempted to vote on Tuesday. Cafaro, oproving that he had lived in his present hom twenty months was discharged.

Manuel Robrer, 32 years old, of 457 Sixtavenue, was held by Magistrate Mott in Jefferson Market Court yesterday for having registered as living at 463 Sixth avenue.

Edward R. Brandon, 32 years old, of 35 West Twenty-second street, was charged wit illegal registration by Policeman Robrig of the West Twentich street police station. Brando is a steamboat man and sleeps on board his vessel. He took the address of his employer, as be thought he had a right to do. Magistrate Motheld him for trial.

Robert Clark, a negro, 40 years old, of 27 West 146th street, was charged at the Harler Court with voting illegally in the Thirty-fourt Election district of the Twenty-third Assembled district.

The complainant, Franklin J. Owena, who we am inspector of election at the polls held of 148th street, hear Elighth avenue, said that Clark voted at 11 o'clock in the morning in the name of Robert J. Clark, colored, of 273 Wes 146th street. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon as other colored man attempted to vote, giving the same name and address, but was stopped. The man who voted in the morning was then sent fo and he insisted that he was the Robert J. Clark vose name was on the poll list, although the registered description tailied with the appear.

and he insisted that he was the Robert J. Clar whose name was on the poil list, although it registered description tailled with the appea-ance of the other man. On this account Police man Francis arrested the Clark who voted. O the statement of Mr. Owens the prisoner wa held in \$200 for examination.

POISONED WITH OPIUM.

Young Paul Took All the Medicine Pr scribed Him at One Dose, Edward Paul, 23 years old, of 235 West Er venue, was removed to the New York Hospit. last evening from an apartment in the Dore fis house, at 145 West Thirty-fifth street, to treated for opium poisoning. The physician the Paul family reported to the West Thirtie street police that he had been summoned to th residence of Paul's parents on Monday ar found the young man in a very nervous sta

from liness.

He prescribed medicine in which there we considerable opium, and he believed that Pau instead of following his directions, had take the whole of it in one dose, which would a count for his condition.

The young man is the only son of Samuel! Paul, who is in the glove business at 36 Broadway.



tion of the state of the state